

2211/29/74

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Fallowfield Manchester Dec 8/74

Enclosure
I have not forgotten my promise of writing you & will hope to do so in the near future

My dear Dr Dawson

I have again & again tried to sit down & write to you but some more immediately pressing duty has caused me to defer the pleasure. - First & foremost, I handed the Cambrian fossils over to our friend Plant who was delighted with them & who has a packet of *Oldhamia* & other objects ready to be sent off to you & which will come by the hand of a friend about to cross the Atlantic.

Second I have been working out my Dicty & *Porphyrogonia* with excellent results. but in the process I discover that I have fallen into an error in my paper on the *Exogenae* stems of the coal-measures. - After a world of labour

I have ascertained that all
my specimens with strobiliferous
piths have been Dictyoxylon.
Dictyoxylon has after all been
more of a soft-wooded plant
but with large medullary
rays and an exogenous
growth of a very remarkable
character. It branches in
a way altogether different
from other plants. - The
branches are few in number
but after leaving the vas-
cular zone they run for a
considerable distance outside
that zone through the inner
cortical layer before pene-
trating the latter, - But they
ultimately penetrate both of

The outer layer secrete at the surface. I have also found, for the first time a beautiful little petiole or rachis of a fern.



The little inferior figure is composed of true spiral vessels.

I am preparing a new memoir on *Stegmania* of which I have got some grand specimens. Every description of its internal organisation yet published is erroneous. It has magnificent medullary rays - and the vascular bundles going off to the roots have an origin in the vascular circle altogether different to what you see described in books - The remark is equally applicable to the fern which I have at last discovered.

William

I have also got a magnificent section, since you were here of a calamite giving off one of its Aerial branches. They prove, as I have always asserted to be the case, to be very small & slender. Each branch emerges from the interior of one woody wedge alone, as I described in my Calamopituis paper - and its woody zone, exclusive of its bark, is not more than $1\frac{1}{2}$ times the diameter of the woody wedge from which it springs - even where it emerges from the stem. They have formed irregular and interrupted verticals: not regular ones. - Now I have sent you a thoroughly egotistical letter - so pray return the compliment in the same style. Mrs W. sends kindest regards. Sophy was married in September & appears very happy - Write soon and believe me to be ever
Most sincerely yours
W. C. Williamson